



# Country report: **Sweden**

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## Agenda: country report

- Shallow geothermal in numbers
- Typical system
- New tendencies and ongoing research



# Energy consumption in the building sector

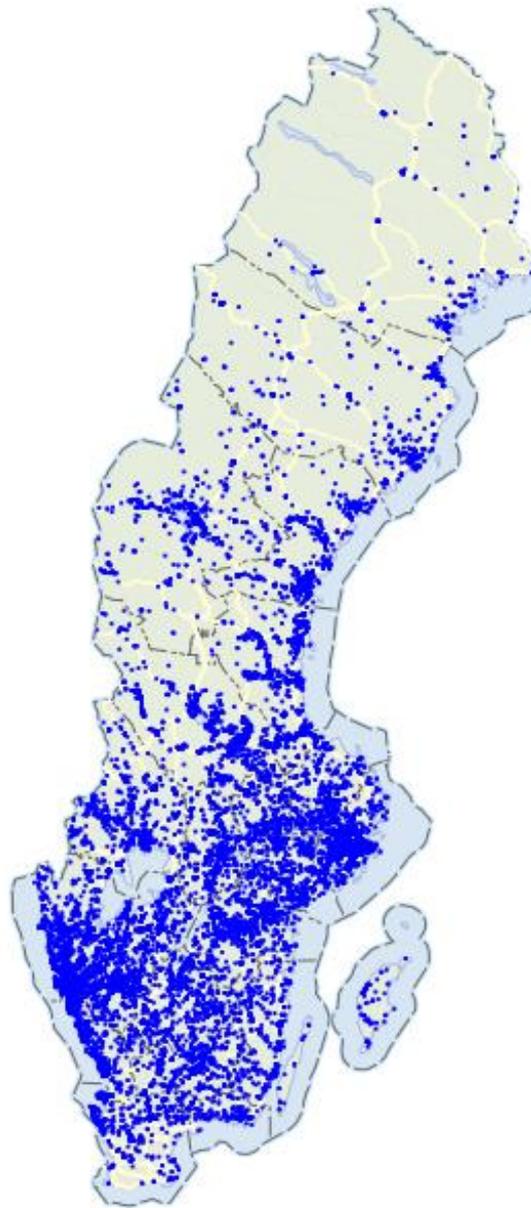


	TWh
Electricity	77
District heating	46
<b>Underground (heat and cold)</b>	<b>19</b>
Biofuels	14
Oil and gas	13
District cooling	1

≈ 40% of the total consumption in Sweden (including industry and transport)

≈ 600 000  
Borehole  
heat  
exchangers

≈ 700  
BTES  
0,7 TWh heat  
0,3 TWh cold



≈ 16  
TWh/yr  
heat

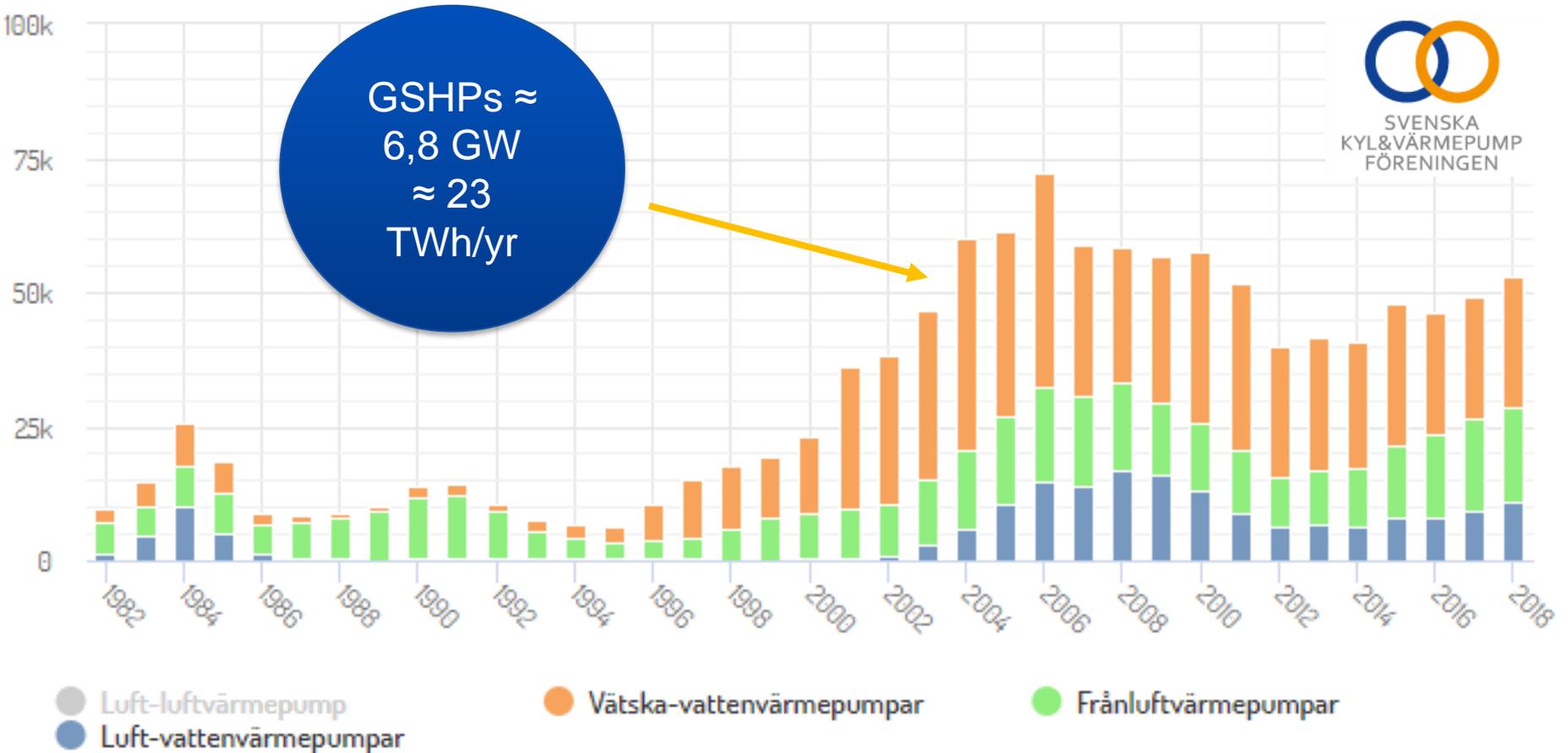
≈ 3  
TWh/yr  
cold

≈ 25 000 new systems per yr

Growing market for medium and large size (residential and commercial)

### Heat pump sales

GSHPs ≈  
6,8 GW  
≈ 23  
TWh/yr



# Few but big ATEs systems

≈ 160 ATEs  
1 TWh heat  
0,6 TWh cold



DOI: 10.22488/okstate.18.000002

**ATES SYSTEM MONITORING PROJECT,  
FIRST MEASUREMENT AND PERFORMANCE  
EVALUATION: CASE STUDY IN SWEDEN**

MOHAMMAD ABUASBEH

JOSÉ ACUÑA

# Increasing market in densely populated areas

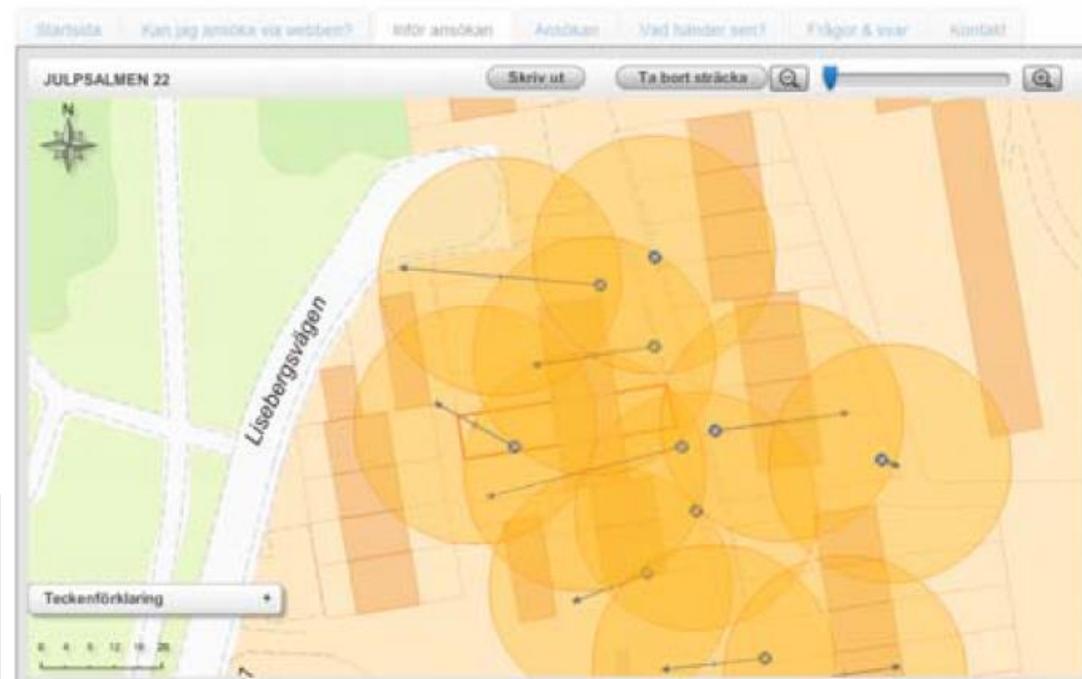
- More restricted permission
- Conflict with underground projects and DH companies being owned by municipalities (DH companies lose more and more clients)
- Lack of available drilling area

## Thermal influence of neighbouring GSHP installations: relevance of heat load temporal resolution

Maria Letizia Fasci   Alberto Lazzarotto   José Acuña   Joachim Claesson



### Värmepump - ansök om tillstånd



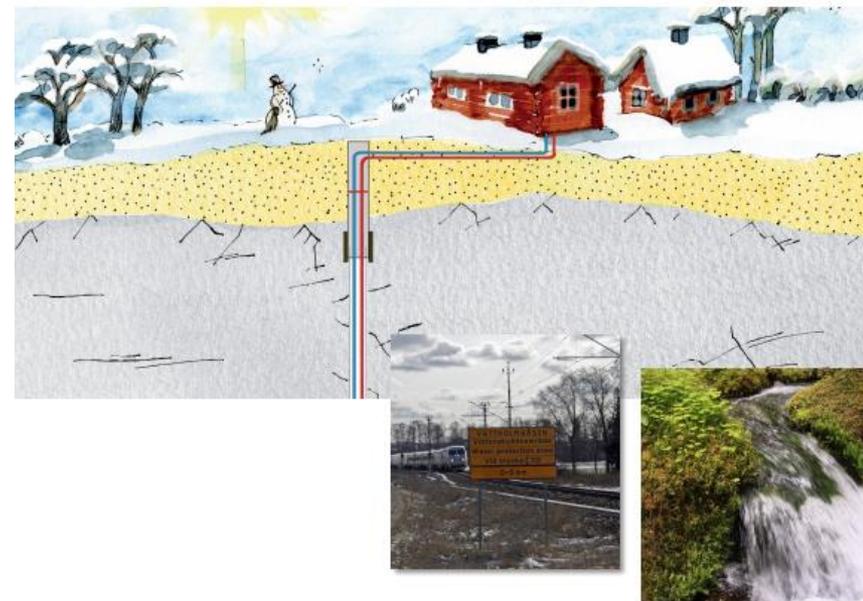
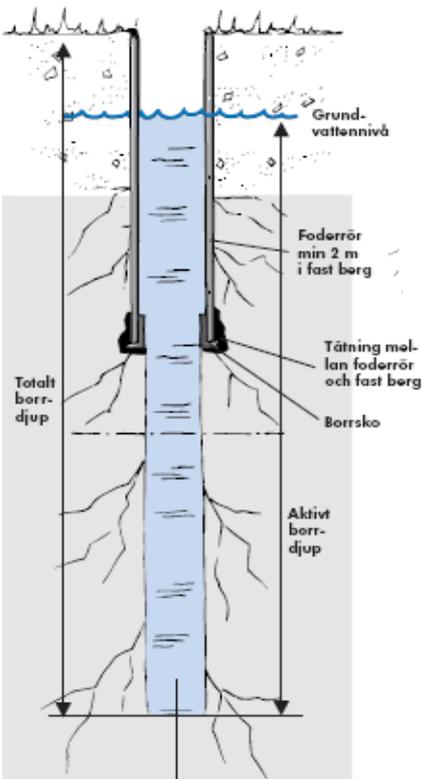
# Normbrunn 16

Standard for drilling contractors by the Swedish Geological Survey

NORMBRUNN -16

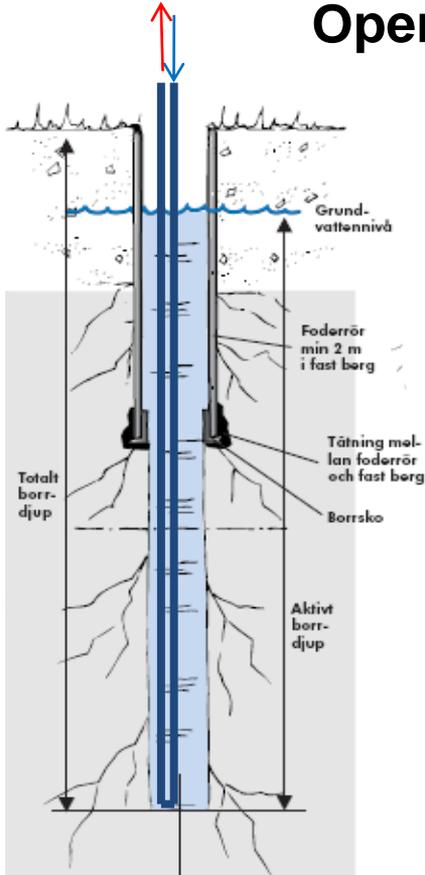
VÄGLEDNING FÖR ATT BORRA BRUNN

december 2016

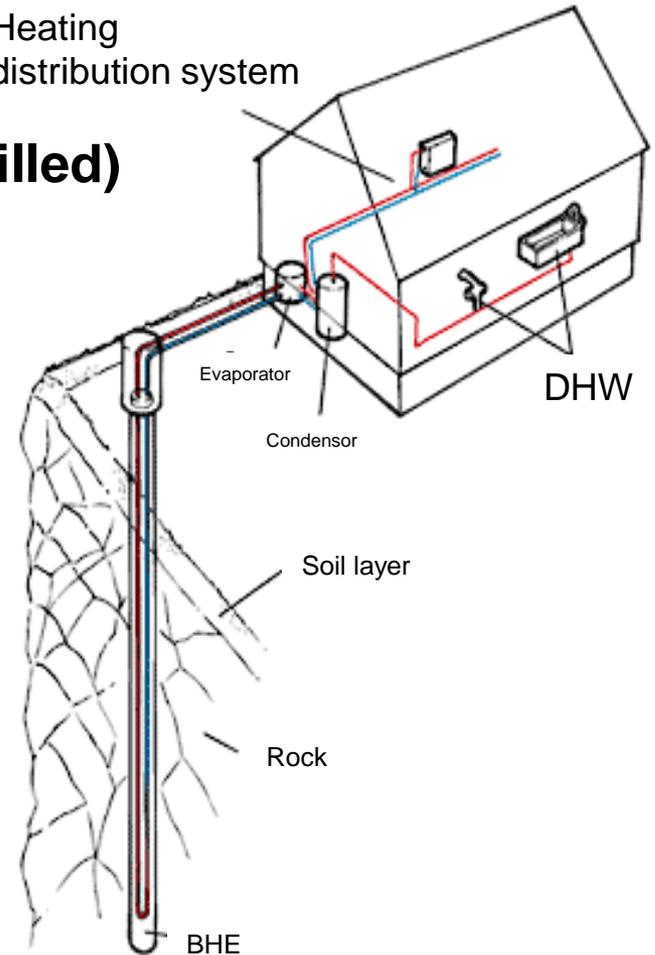


# The typical installation

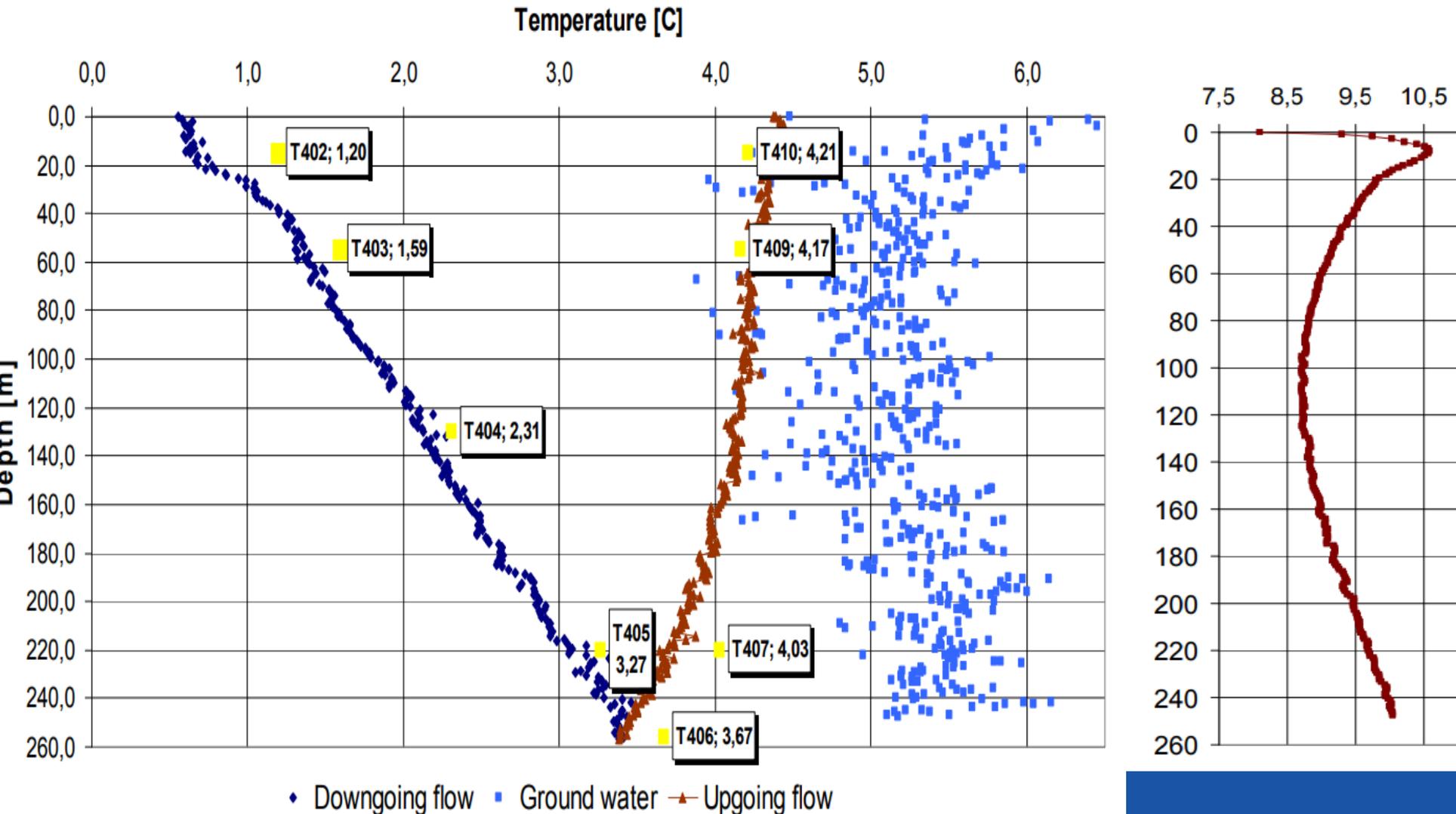
## Open boreholes (groundwater filled)



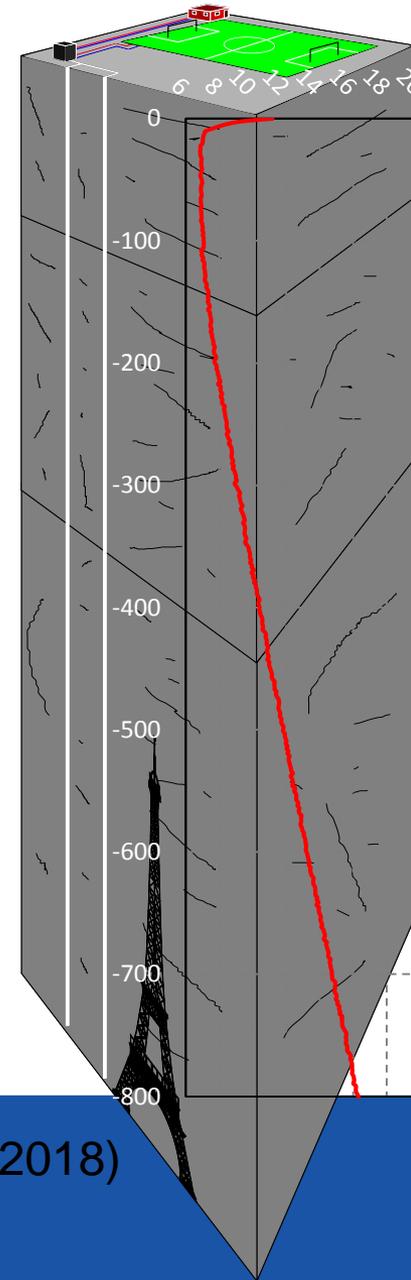
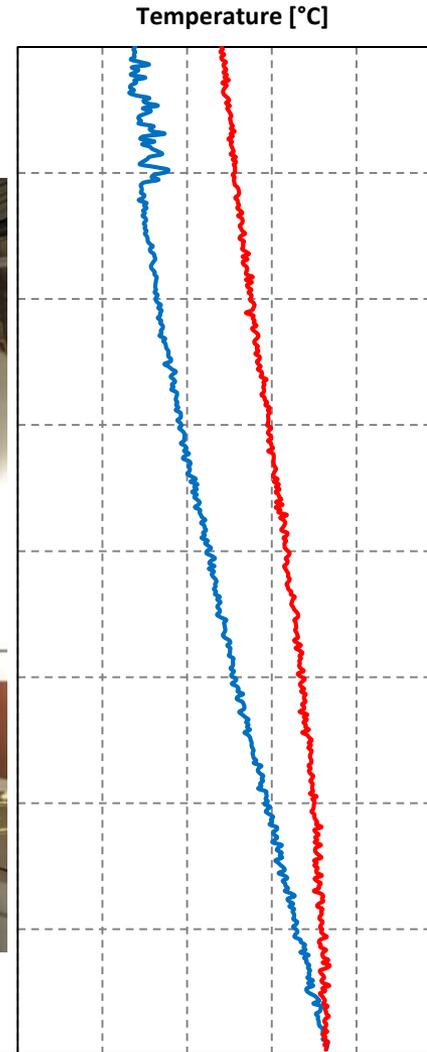
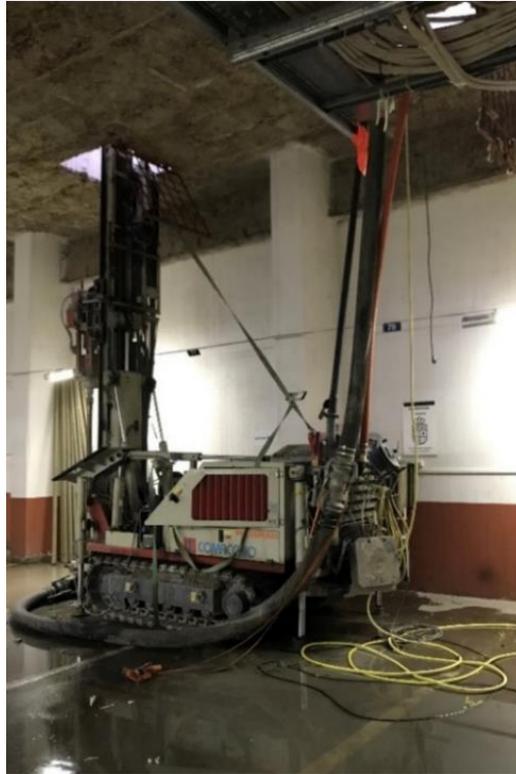
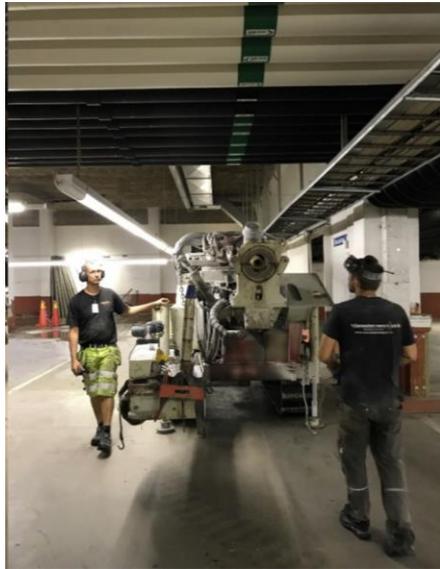
Heating distribution system



# A typical Swedish borehole during heat extraction



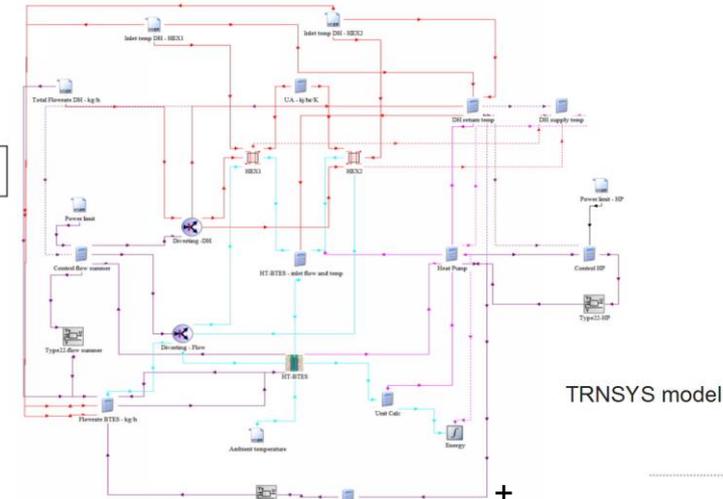
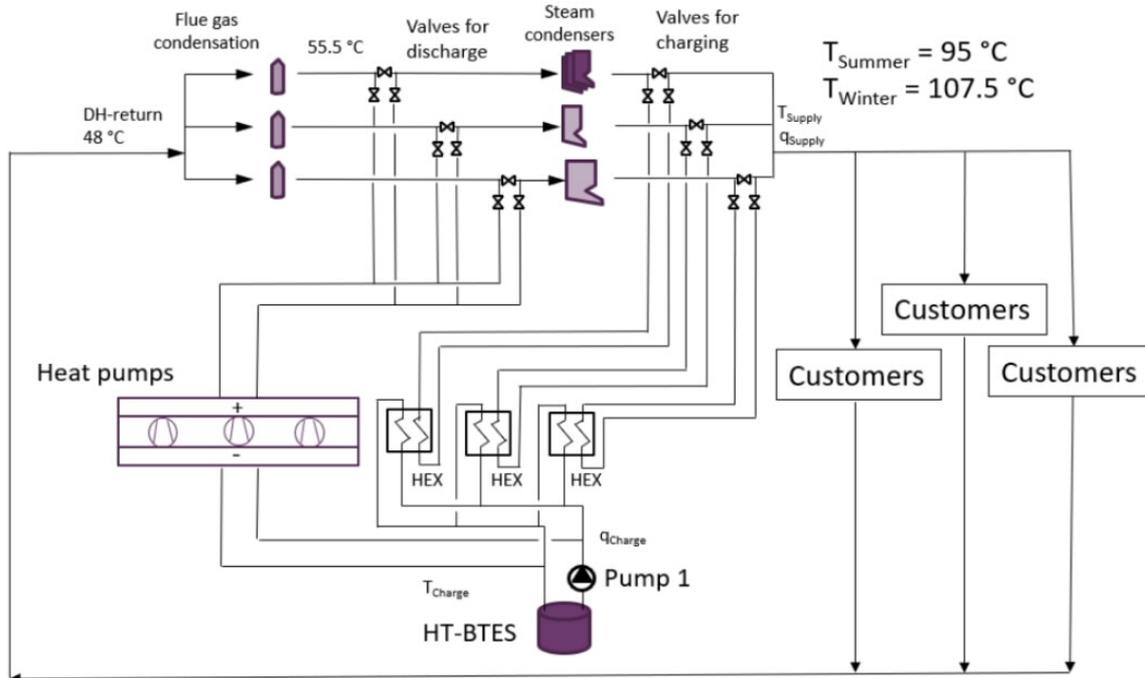
# Deeper boreholes and/or drilling inside buildings due to lack of available drilling area



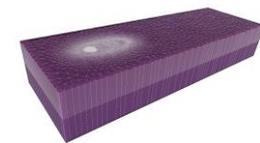
(Mazzotti et al, 2018)

# New tendency

- HT-BTES (centralized)
- 5th generation DHC (closed to the clients)



TRNSYS model



Feflow



- Annex 52: long term monitoring of GSHP systems
- Termiska Energilager:
  - Grouting screen for permeable boreholes in high temperature storage
  - Modelling the interaction between BTES and CHP plants
  - Influence of groundwater flow in HT-BTES (hard rock)
- Field characterization for HT-BTES in sedimentary soil
- Demonstration of Coaxial BHEs at large scale
- Thermal influence between neighbor BHEs

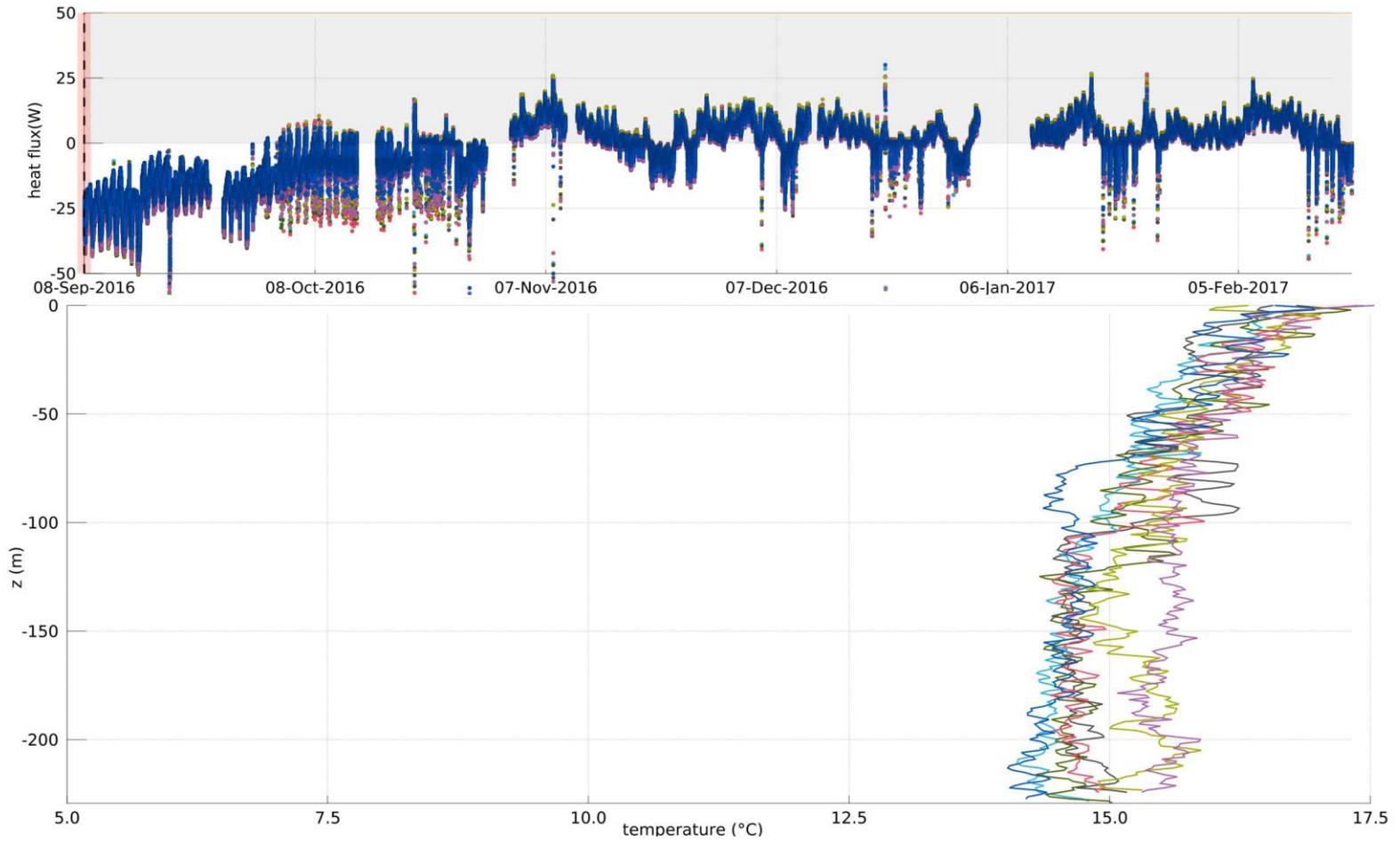
# Monitoring large scale BTES

TIME

day: 2016-09-08

hour: 12:08:00

BH12 open  
BH16 open  
BH18 open  
BH21 open  
BH47 open  
BH62 open  
BH106 open



play



timesignal





# Organisations



## Concluding remarks

- Shallow geothermal provides about 19 TWh/yr
- Building owners install GSHPs in order to reduce operation costs and increase property value
- Utility companies are starting to invest in local GSHP solutions
  - Low temperature network connected to BHEs
  - 3D real estate properties sharing the same energy systems
- High interest for storing waste heat from DH system in BHEs
- Big market players are buying the small ones
- Joint projects between DHC and GSHP players
- Branch organisations are merging



**Thank you!**

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