

## GEOSPATIAL DATA & 3D BUILDING MODELS TO BOOST ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN BUILDINGS

### <u>Isabella Toschi</u>

3D Optical Metrology (**3DOM**) unit Bruno Kessler Foundation (**FBK**), Trento, Italy Email: toschi@fbk.eu Website: http://3dom.fbk.eu





- Cities occupy some 2% of the earth's surface but their inhabitants consume approximately 75% of the world's energy resources.
- Various European Directives, including the Energy Efficiency (EE) Directive 2012/27/EU (2012), are aiming for a 27% cut in Europe's annual primary energy consumption by 2030.



- Measures to reduce the energy consumption **focus** particularly **on the building sector**, as buildings alone consume some 40% of the total energy.
- For existing constructions (buildings, streets, etc.), large attention is being paid to improve energy efficiency, as they are accountable for large electric power consumption as well as night light pollution.

A more extensive and powerful use of GEOSPATIAL DATA and ICT tools FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY can support the creation of SMART and LOW-CARBON CITIES

### INTRO – geospatial data





DATA + GIS + 3D CITY MODELS

While (2D) **GIS** are almost common in public administrations, the use of **3D building models** is still **confined** and mainly applied **to visualization** purposes.

Spatial and non-spatial energy-related data integrated with 3D city models into GIS environments have been already adopted in some cities, but we are very far away from their widespread utilization and daily use.

> Although **on-going initiatives** have demonstrated the potential of geospatial data, 3D city models and webGIS for better planning and management of energy efficient buildings, there is still a **gap between a "nice-to-have" attitude and a "need-to-have" one.**



## **BOOSTEE-CE** project

SONDAZIONE RUNKO KESSLER BODDICAL METROLOGY

> BOOSTEE-CE stands for BOOSTING ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN CENTRAL EUROPEAN CITIES THROUGH SMART ENERGY MANAGEMENT



- The project deals with **energy efficiency** in public buildings.
- It aims to offer ICT solutions to facilitate the governance of energy efficiency in existing public buildings and reduce energy consumption.
- BOOSTEE-CE solutions include the OnePlace web-platform and a series of training activities to transfer knowledge to other regions of Europe.



## **BOOSTEE-CE** project

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## EONDAZIONE BOD BD OPTICAL METROLOGY

## **BOOSTEE-CE OnePlace platform**

# One 🖓 Place

#### **The Online Energy Platform**



Web platform incl. 4 interlinked modules enriched with energy-related contents (best practices, database of devices, energy certificates, PV maps, etc.), freely accessible to policy makers, energy planners and citizens in order to improve the governance and understanding of energy efficiency.

The platform is still under finalization, it will be published in summer 2019.

## BAZURNE BADOPTICAL METROLOGY

### **BOOSTEE-CE 3DEMS module**

# One 🖓 Place

#### **The Online Energy Platform**



**3D Energy Management System** is a module (**WebGIS tool**) to visualize, query and manage energy information / uses / looses / PV potential / audit certificates of (public) buildings using 3D building models.



In the **pilot areas**, for selected public buildings, **geospatial databases** with urban and energy data are created in order to **combine** them **with 3D building** geometries within the 3DEMS tool.





To create the **3DEMS tool**, heterogeneous data were collected, harmonized and stored in the 2 categories (spatial and non-spatial data):

#### a) spatial data

• land cadastre maps (2D vector or raster) / building footprints with attribute info



• 2.5D and 3D point clouds (derived from LiDAR or photogrammetric flights)





To create the **3DEMS tool**, heterogeneous data were collected, harmonized and stored in the 2 categories (spatial and non-spatial data):

#### a) spatial data

• solar energy potential maps (available or produced from DEM data with GIS tools)



 3D building models
– LOD1 / LOD2
(produced from footprints + DEM data)





To create the **3DEMS tool**, heterogeneous data were collected, harmonized and stored in the 2 categories (spatial and non-spatial data):

#### b) non-spatial data

- Energy Performance Certificates incl.
- energy consumptions
- carbon dioxide emissions
- energy efficiency indexes
- etc.



- Data from the register of buildings
- official name
- typology
- building type
- etc.

		My BAR
Richards and Frank	Judenburg	
	Judenburg	
The second se	Oficial name	Primary School Lindfeld
	Year of construction	1962
A R R A MARTIN A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Building type	Educational
	Typology (number of floors)	2
	Energy source type (heat)	District heating
	Energy audit	YES
	Energy consumption (heating) [GJ/year]	484
	Electricity consumption (kWh/year)	21349
	The specific CO2 emissions	0
	The total CO2 emissions	0
Conner La Philippine	Technology used to harvest a renewable energy source	waste heat from a pulp mill
	Photovoltaic potential of building roofs	
	Energy efficiency measures already implemented in the building 01	reducing heating demand: reducing ventilatio losses
	Energy efficiency measures already implemented in the building 02	reducing coenergy use for lighting
	Energy efficiency measures already implemented in the building 03	reducing cooling demand
	Recommended energy efficiency measures for the building 01	reducing heating demand: selecting efficient heating system
	Recommended energy efficiency measures for the building 02	reducing heating demand: reducing ventilation losses
	Recommended energy efficiency measures for the building 03	improvement of thermal insulation
	Recommended energy efficiency measures for the building 04	
	Estimation of the amount of heating losses in the building	391
	Is it equipped with smart meters?	NO

- Statistical and survey data
- construction plans
- energy bills
- etc.





Starting from these (collected, generated and harmonized) data, the 3DEMS webGIS tool allows the user to:



- navigate through the urban environment at different altitudes and camera angles (based on Cesium);
- visualize and interact with LOD1 building models at urban scale, LOD 2 building models at single building scale (selected pilots);
- select a building of interest and retrieve energy and other cadastral/building info, incl. nonspatial data;
- **analyze** the solar maps and energy maps (heating loss), visualized as additional building texture.



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Example of web-based visualization of **building geometry** (LOD1 and LOD2) with associated **energy database**:



More than 10,000 buildings were reconstructed in LOD1 (some 25 in LOD2) and visualized in 3D environment

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Example of **aggregation functions** within 3DEMS: energy sources used for buildings' heating

One Place



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FONDAZIONE BRUNO KESSLER 3D OPTICAL METROLOGY

Example of web-based visualization of **photovoltaic - PV maps** (hourly global incoming solar radiation, aggregated on a monthly and yearly basis)



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# One 🖓 Place

#### The Online Energy Platform



Living Energy Marketplace aims to connect customers interested in energy efficiency projects to qualified contractors (architects, engineers, auditors, craftsmen, technicians and installers, energy agencies etc.) in order to scale up investments in energy efficiency and to reduce information barriers.

It is basically a **database of devices and experts** to empower potential investors to make energy-wise decisions.

### BOOSTEE-CE EEC module



# One 🖓 Place

### The Online Energy Platform



The Energy Efficient Cities module is an exchange platform of experiences and identification of good practices within energy efficiency sector for public authorities and other public users.

It demonstrates the range of **approaches and measures** various cities have used **to undertake efficiency improvements** and thus helps to guide cities in designing effective urban energy efficiency policies and programs.

### **BOOSTEE-CE FEE module**



## One 🖓 Place

#### **The Online Energy Platform**



The **Financing Energy Efficiency** module is the visual **presentation** of the transnational **strategy** outcomes, **financial road maps**, examples of the **best practices** and practical steps how to use the national & EU-level resources.

## CONCLUSION: take away messages

#### The use of

- geometric information of urban environments,
- spatial analyses
- visualization / query tools

#### in combination with

- energy-related information (consumption, requests, looses, emissions, etc.)
- other urban data (building type, volumes, number of inhabitants, bills, etc.)

#### can facilitate and improve

- assessments,
- definition of policies,
- maintenances,
- monitoring,
- enhancement

of energy performances of building envelopes towards low-carbon cities.









- BOOSTEE-CE is good example of the deployment of geospatial technologies for municipality staffs, energy planners and policy makers.
- Policy makers can use the results of the project to better realize Sustainable Energy Action Plan (SEAP).
- Open issues:
  - <u>DATA</u>: geospatial data update, heterogeneity and availability, in particular when working in middle/low-size urban areas;
  - <u>COSTS</u>: the effort of producing LOD2 models is often not paid back, as user needs (except PV potential) can be satisfied with LOD1 models;
  - <u>EXTRA</u>: 3D visualization tools are often seen as something esthetically nice but not really useful for policy makers.





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www.interreg-central.eu/Content.Node/BOOSTEE-CE.html

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